

MARIETTA DAILY LEADER.

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A CLOUDBURST

On Benson's Creek, in the Vicinity of Frankfort, Ky.,

Resulted in the Drowning of the Bradley and Bryant Families.

Their Dwellings Swept Down Stream—At Least Ten Lives Were Lost—The L. & N. Railway Bridge, Conway Mill and Other Property Badly Wrecked.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 21.—Reports from Franklin county state that a cloudburst Tuesday morning at four o'clock on Benson's creek, four miles from Frankfort, resulted in the drowning of at least ten people. The drowned are:

James Bradley, a farmer, his wife and five children and Mrs. Bryant, a widow and two small children. Other bodies may also be found. The Louisville and Nashville bridge was swept away and great damage was done to property in the county.

Benson's creek comes out of the western portion of the county, crosses the various turnpikes six or eight miles from town, then crosses the railroad four miles from town and comes down alongside the railroad till it empties into the river in the middle of the town.

Mrs. Bryant kept a tollgate near the bridge, the little toll house was right on the creek and just across from James Bradley's, and not far from her father's, 'Squire Moore. The Conway mill, just above, was the first to go. Its timbers must have swept away the Bryant and Bradley houses. These houses themselves must have hit the railroad bridge two miles below. The bridge was swept away with terrible force. Everything about it, iron and all, except the main abutments, are gone.

The cloudburst struck near the mill, swept the latter away, and the mill timbers are supposed to have carried away the little Bradley and Bryant homes, while all together were swept down against the railroad bridge. All railroad trains from Frankfort, Lexington and intermediate points are cut off from Louisville.

The C. & O. train from Lexington found it impossible to go to Louisville over the Louisville Southern, and after trying to come to Frankfort, went back to Lexington to remain.

In ten minutes after the cloudburst Benson's creek, which empties into the Kentucky river immediately below town, was a mad, swollen river, covering the valley on either bank and sweeping everything before it.

The first thing to go was the L. & N. bridge across the creek, about three miles from town. It was a new bridge,

on new masonry, but the superstructure was not fastened down, and it was carried away like chaff before the wind. The first train out of Frankfort Tuesday morning, the 5 o'clock accommodation, was warned before it reached the dangerous gap and returned to town with its passengers. The other L. & N. and C. & O. trains from Lexington and the east are being held here till some arrangements for transferring passengers and baggage can be made. It is believed that this will be possible Tuesday afternoon when, if the creek has fallen sufficiently, a farm wagon and the wagon road below will be used as transfers.

Late reports verify only nine dead. Bradley lost only four children. It is practically certain that Esquire Moore was not drowned as at first supposed and it is believed that no more lives were lost.

HIS MORNING'S WORK.

A Michigan Farmer Kills Three of His Children, Fires the House and Suicide.

ATTICA, Mich., July 21.—Gorman Swain, a farmer living one mile south of this place, early Tuesday morning killed three of his children with a butcher knife, set fire to his house and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

Swain was about 48 years old, and was in comfortable circumstances. He had a violent temper and for years had threatened to kill his family and himself. His wife died last spring, since which time Swain's outbursts of temper have been more frequent and of a more violent nature than ever.

Last Sunday evening he had trouble with three of the older children, Fred, aged 19 years, Anna, aged 17 years, and Birdie, aged 15 years. He whipped them severely and they took refuge at a neighbor's house. Monday night he tried to induce them to return home, but they refused and probably saved their lives.

Neighbors were aroused by the burning of Swain's house shortly after 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. When they reached the place a horrible sight confronted them. Lying on the roadway, with their throats cut from ear to ear, were Frank Swain, aged 11 years; Lucy, aged 9; and Jimmie, aged 7 years. The father lay near them with a bullet hole above his heart. By his side were the weapons with which he ended their lives and his own. It is supposed that Swain was temporarily insane.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—For Ohio—Clearing, generally fair Wednesday; fresh westerly winds.

For Kentucky—Clearing, generally fair Wednesday; southerly winds becoming variable.

For Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday; variable winds.

For West Virginia—Clearing Tuesday afternoon or evening; Wednesday fair; southwesterly winds.

VENEZUELA.

The Brief of Attorney Storror Presented to the Commission,

As Well as to the Counsel for the Government of Great Britain.

The Learned Counsel Demonstrates That England Never Had Sovereignty in the Disputed Territory—Nor the Dutch in the Orinoco Basin.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Venezuela's brief, prepared by Counsel Storror and presented to the Venezuelan commission as well as to the British counsel Monday, is the most important paper that has so far appeared in the case. Mr. Storror demonstrates that there never has been any British sovereignty in the disputed territory; that the Dutch never gained the slightest foothold in the Orinoco basin, and therefore never transferred what did not exist to Great Britain, and caps his arguments by demonstrating that the Schomburgk line, as held by Lord Salisbury, was a forgery perpetrated by the English government 20 years after Schomburgk's death.

Mr. Storror says the British claim has confessedly no basis except occupation, and the rules of law applied even to the facts alleged not only give no support to the British attempt to extend the boundary, but are specifically and affirmatively fatal to it. He demolishes the so-called temporary posts in the Cuyuni basin and at Barina Point by showing that they were mere trading stations quickly destroyed by the Spanish who maintained sovereignty over the region and proves that the actual settlements of the Dutch and Spanish were always separated by 150 miles of forest. The Oregon boundary case which made much international law is applied by counsel Storror to the existing dispute and the British arguments in that case are turned against Salisbury's present contentions by showing that while private occupation may in time give a private title no occupation can create sovereign dominion unless it be directly authorized or adopted by his government at the outset and for the announced purpose of acquiring sovereignty.

Mr. Storror refers to the Schomburgk line and traces its history. Incidentally he finds that the British blue book leaves part of a sentence out of Schomburgk's memoir therein quoted which shows that Schomburgk had no idea his line would amount to anything until its termini at least were agreed upon by the disputants. Venezuela never agreed to any of it.

The line marked by Schomburgk on the maps published by himself and by the government was declared at the outset to be the definition of the British claim and merely a basis for discussion. But now, says Mr. Storror, no discussion will be permitted within that case by Great Britain, as to territory within that line and all that will be submitted to arbitration is territory formerly claimed far outside of it.

LONDON PRESS

Makes Comments on Attorney Storror's Brief on the Venezuelan Boundary Dispute.

LONDON, July 21.—Commenting Tuesday upon the Venezuelan brief prepared by Mr. Storror and presented to the American high commission, the Times will say that it contains nothing but a series of unprovoked propositions which are, with very few exceptions, directly contradicted by the conclusions of the British Blue book on the Venezuelan dispute and the testimony there referred to.

The Chronicle says: It would be unwise to underestimate the importance of the brief. If it can be answered, well and good, and the sooner the better, and some of it can not. Our diplomatic demands must be directed accordingly.

CALLED ON BRYAN.

Silver Delegates Stop Off at Lincoln and Visit the Democratic Nominee.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 21.—Fifty of the Colorado delegates to the national silver convention reached Lincoln Monday at 1:50 p. m., en route to St. Louis, and called on Mr. Bryan at his new headquarters in the Lincoln hotel.

I. N. Stevens, one of the delegates-at-large, made an introductory speech, in which he said that Mr. Bryan would get 90 per cent. of the votes cast in Colorado. Predictions quite as encouraging to Mr. Bryan's candidacy were also made by several other delegates. Those who spoke told Mr. Bryan that the people of the Rocky mountains were for him and were going to follow his lead in the campaign.

The O'Donnell-Lawson Fight.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 21.—Billy O'Donnell and John Lawson fought to a finish here Monday night. At the end of the 28th round Lawson's eyes were closed and his nose stopped up so that he could hardly breathe, and his sponge went up. It was rough and tumble and full of fouls.

Vanderbilt Convalescens.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Dr. McLane sent a message to the representatives of the press Monday night that no more bulletins would be issued and that his patient, Cornelius Vanderbilt, sr., was well on the road to recovery.

Serious Disturbances at Niksar.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 21.—Serious disturbances occurred at Niksar, in the vilayet of Sivas, between Mussulmans and Armenian Christians. Sixty of the former and 340 of the latter were killed.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEETS.

Two Candidates for Permanent Chairman—But Two Contest Cases—Increased Representation.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The national committee of the populist party met at 10:30 Tuesday morning to perfect the temporary organization of the convention. Chairman Taubeneck presided and about fifty members were present. There are no persons in official life on the committee except Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who carries a proxy.

There were but two contests of importance—those from Colorado and Illinois. The former involved the entire state delegations; in the latter 27 delegates from Cook county (Chicago). The Colorado contestants were headed by ex-Gov. Waite, but he having declared in favor of Bryan's nomination, his colleagues deposed him for another leader.



SENATOR WM. M. STEWART

On the matter of temporary chairman, the two candidates were Gen. James B. Weaver, of Iowa, who represented the Bryan and the Sewall element, and Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who was opposed to the endorsement of the democratic ticket.

After the matter of membership of the committee itself had been determined, the committee promised to consider applications by a number of the states for increased representation in the convention. The basis upon which this is made gives the national committee one delegate for each member of congress from the state and an additional delegate for each 3,000 votes cast at the preceding general election. In making up the table of delegates for this convention, the national committee was compelled to act upon data contained in the various political almanacs, and in the case of a number of states this information proved to be inaccurate. The committeemen from each southern state demonstrated by certified copies of the tabulation of votes in his state that the populists were entitled to an increase in the number of delegates from one to five, the latter being allowed the state of Texas. The several territories were allowed six delegates instead of four, making their representation equal to that in the democratic and republican conventions.



Oklahoma was given the same right of representation as the states; that is, one delegate for its delegate in congress and one for each 3,000 votes which made its total representation nine. A recess was taken.

KILLED THE CAPTAIN.

Wife and Second Mate—Deed of Mutiny on Board an American Barkentine.

HALIFAX, July 21.—The barkentine Herbert Fuller, Capt. Nash, from Boston, July 8, for Rosario, put into Halifax Tuesday morning. There had been mutiny on board during which the captain, his wife and the second mate had been killed in their berths. This occurred in the night. The first officer was on watch and knew nothing about the affair. The murderer or murderers crawled aft to the cabin and descended and with axes chopped their victims to death.

Upon the arrival of the barkentine all her crew were taken off the vessel and locked up in the police station here to await trial.

Murder Mystery at Sistersville, W. Va.

SISTERSVILLE, W. Va., July 21.—Mrs. Elmer Lemons was found in her bed murdered early Tuesday morning. Her husband says about 3 o'clock he heard a pistol shot, and shortly after discovered his wife was dead. His story is not credited, as no bullet can be found, and there are ample evidences of a desperate struggle in the woman's room. Lemons has been locked up, pending an investigation and will probably be charged with the crime. The wound looks as though it had been made with a round pointed instrument and not by a bullet.



STEPS TAKEN

By the Leading Bank Official of New York City.

To Protect the Gold Reserve of \$100,000,000 in the National Treasury.

President Tappan, of the Gallatin Bank, Secured Pledges to Contribute \$15,000,000 in Gold to the Treasury in Exchange for Legal Tenders.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Steps were taken Monday to unite the principal national banks of this city in a movement to protect the government gold reserve. Recent large withdrawals of gold from the sub-treasury for shipment to Europe, the disposition manifested in certain financial quarters to hoard the yellow metal and the panicky condition of the stock market have caused some serious discussions among observant and public spirited financiers within the past few days.

Although no formal conferences were held, some of the leading bank presidents exchanged views, and the conclusion was reached that the situation warranted action on the part of the banks, such as would allay public fears and revive confidence in the stability of values.

Therefore, an earnest effort was made to get the New York banks to put \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000 of gold into the sub-treasury, in exchange for legal tenders.

F. D. Tappan, president of the Gallatin national bank, called at several of the banks downtown Monday morning and proposed that as many of the banks as possible enter into an agreement to supply gold enough to the sub-treasury to carry the reserve above the one hundred million mark. Mr. Tappan's mission was eminently successful. He found nearly all of his fellow bank presidents heartily in accord with the proposition submitted, and at noon he was able to say: "I am surprised and gratified at the readiness with which the requests for gold contributions have been complied with."

For the reason that all the banks called on have not yet acted, Mr. Tappan and the bank presidents who were most active in their co-operation were disincensed Monday evening to say how much gold had been pledged to the sub-treasury. "You may say," said one of the presidents, "that there will be no trouble about raising \$12,000,000 or \$15,000,000 and perhaps \$20,000,000 to aid in maintaining the treasury gold reserve."

President Frederick D. Tappan, of the Gallatin national bank, late in the day secured pledges from New York banks to contribute in the aggregate \$15,000,000 in gold to the United States treasury in exchange for legal tenders.

A NEW TURN.

Receiver Wanted for the Lima National Bank of Lima, O.

LIMA, O., July 21.—James A. Hover, a holder of \$800 in stock in the Lima national bank, which closed in March, 1893, has begun suit in the United States court against B. C. Faurot, agent of the bank, for an accounting. Faurot was president of the bank and Hover now has a suit pending in the courts here to recover from the officers and directors of the bank the amount of his losses. Hover claims Agut Faurot refuses to make a report, controls a majority of the stock and asks that a receiver be appointed and Faurot be enjoined from further management.

17 JAMAICA.

Seventeen Persons Killed and Twenty-Two Seriously Injured in a Railway Accident.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—The steamer America, from Jamaican ports, brings news of an accident on the new Jamaica railroad, in which 17 persons lost their lives and 22 were severely injured. It occurred July 11 near Annato bay. A locomotive drawing six flat cars loaded with colored laborers, male and female, was descending a steep grade when the air brakes failed and the train began a wild flight. Near the bottom of the grade it collided with a locomotive standing on the track. Seven men were instantly killed and 22 injured, ten fatally.

Bryan's Notification.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Local democrats here with the co-operation of democrats in the executive department, have united in an effort to induce Mr. Bryan to visit Washington when he comes east to receive the official notice of his nomination, which will be an immense affair, in case Mr. Bryan is present, organizations from Maryland and Virginia having indicated their intention to be present.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

B. & O. S. W.	
DEPART—6:00 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 4:50 p. m., 7:50 p. m., 11:25 p. m.	
ARRIVE—8:05 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 12:25 p. m., 4:50 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 8:55 p. m.	
C. & O. C. E.	
LEAVE—2:10 p. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 a. m.	
ARRIVE—4:45 p. m., 12:15 p. m., 7:50 a. m.	
C. & M.	
LEAVE—6:25 a. m., 2:55 p. m.	
ARRIVE—11:15 a. m., 7:05 p. m.	
Z. & O.	
LEAVE—8:20 a. m., 2:40 p. m.	
ARRIVE—10:40 a. m., 6:55 p. m.	
O. R. R. K. (Eastern Time.)	
SOUTH—9:00 a. m., 3:07 p. m., 7:35 p. m.	
NORTH—7:52 a. m., 12:32 p. m., 4:17 p. m.	

Tickets Free

To Pawnee Bill's Wild West Show

You will all want to go to this show; the greatest show of the kind.

Next Saturday, July 25, at the Ball Park, Marietta, Ohio

A ticket free to every one that purchases a suit from us any time this week. It makes no difference whether it is a Child's Suit, Boy's or Man's.

Further—A ticket to any one purchasing \$5.00 worth of any kind of goods.

Remember—At this time of year prices are reduced all through our stock. All of our Men's \$10.00 suits for \$7.50, and so on down the list.

\$1.50 shirts for \$1.25. Clean, nice dollar shirts for 75 cents.

All of our Children's and Boys' nice 50c Straw Hats for 25 cents.

STAR

Clothing House.

P. S.—Buy your goods next Saturday from us and get a free ticket to Wild West.

High Water Near Lawrenceburg, Ky. LAWRENCEBURG, Ky., July 21.—The hardest rain for years fell here Tuesday morning, doing much damage to fences and crops in the lowlands. Near Altoon some big trees were washed down. Salt river was reported higher at noon than since 1882. One creek on the Frankfort road covered this place for the first time in 15 years. Trains were delayed two and three hours by the water on the tracks. C. & O. trains were forced to use the route through here during the day because of a wash-out on that line.

Weyler Releases Political Prisoners. HAVANA, July 21.—Capt. Gen. Weyler Monday ordered the release of 112 political prisoners, who were set at liberty as soon as the necessary formalities had been complied with. Several rebels who have surrendered to the military authorities confirm the report that Antonio Maceo, Gomez's lieutenant, was slightly wounded in a recent engagement.

"Middle of the Road" Editors Oppose Bryan.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—At the meeting Tuesday of the representatives of the National Reform Press association, which claims to have 1,300 papers in the country, the "middle of the road" men had a large majority and adopted a strong resolution in favor of preserving their organization and keeping in the middle of the road.

The Fight Was a Draw.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Frank Slav-in and Harry Baker, of Chicago, fought a six-round draw before the Caledonian club Monday night.

Lexington Sportsman Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 21.—Fabius Harrison, 33, a member of the old Lexington Gun club, died here Monday.

Minor Changes in the Mexican Tariff.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Mexican government has adopted some minor changes in the tariff and so informed the United States. These changes will necessitate changes in the present forms of permits, landing certificates and other papers used in custom procedure.

Milwaukee Street Car Barns Burned.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 21.—The Third street car barns of the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company were totally destroyed by fire Monday night. Cause unknown. Loss \$20,000. Insured by blanket policy. Fire broke out in the room formerly used by new employees.

Another Record Breaking Sale!

"A Triumph of Triumphs."

We want every man, woman and boy to attend our wonderful never-to-be forgotten July Clearance Sale of Men's Boys' and Children's up-to-date clothing.

The Buckeye never carry over stock from one season to another in any of their seven stores, and to make the Marietta branch no different from the others we have decided to clean out every Man's, Boy's or Child's light weight garment in our establishment. In order to do so we have divided our Men's Suits in 3 lots namely:

Lot No. 1 Consists of Men's Suits made of all wool chevrot, cassimeres and worsteds, broken sizes, none worth less than \$9.00; your choice at **\$6.50.**

Lot No. 2 Consists of your choice of Cheviots, Irish Home spins, Harris Cassimeres, Tibets, etc. All strictly wool and lined with farmer satin or good substantial serge, all go at **\$8.00.**

Lot No. 3 Consists of suits sold as high as \$13.50, consisting of Fancy Worsteds, Tibets, Vicunas, unfinished Worsteds, Clays and Hamilton Cassimeres, all tailor made and fit guaranteed, yours for **\$9.75.**

In our Children's department we have also put the knife.

Boys' two piece suits ages 4 to 14 we have placed separate; four styles which none are worth less than \$2.50 Yours this week for **\$1.49.**

Boys' Long Pant Suits ages 10 to 19 years, made of good substantial Union Cassimere, worth not less than \$5.00. Your choice of 5 different styles at **\$3.75.**

Children's Junior Juvenile and Reefer Suits at \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00. **WORTH DOUBLE.**

We also place on sale this week a lot of Children's Blouse Waists at 50c and 75c. **WORTH DOUBLE.**

A new line of Men's Neckwear and Negligee Shirts just received. **Straw Hats Almost Given Away.**

THE "BUCKEYE."

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,

Cor. Front and Butler sts., Old P. O. Building, MARIETTA, OHIO.